DICCING FOR THE BRAD.

The Bodies of Five Victims of the Centre Street Fire Recovered from the Ruins Yesterday.

IDENTIFYING THE REMAINS.

Margaret and Mary Donoho, Charlotte and Margaret Be" and Bridget McGrath Recognized by Their Friends.

Scenes in the Sixth Pre cinct Station House.

Another Herror-Two More Girls, Margaret McCarty and Elizabeth Hartfreed. Reported Missing.

THE BODIES REMOVED FOR BURIAL.

The search for the bodies of the victims of the Centre street fire was resumed yesterday morning at half-past seven o'clock. The weather was more previous day, the intense cold which prevailed on Sunday and Monday having greatly abated. The laborers, seventy-five in number, arrived prompt to time, and business was immediately commenced. There was no extra force of police employed, the to supply all emergencies. Pedestrians and ve-hicles were allowed uninterrupted passage through Centre street, but one or two policemen carefully grarded the approach to the ruins and excluded all who had no motive but curiosity to attract them. Some half dozen men from the insurance patrol all property. This action was rendered necesby the thieving propensities of some of the workmen, who on the previous day had been detected in the act of carrying off copper. A force of firemen were also on the ground and a bose carriage. It was fortunate that they were, for the ruins more than once during the day broke Sato flames, which were, however, extinguished without much difficulty by a single stream of water. The spectators were more numerous than on the preceding day, but this might be accounted for by reason of the day being a holiday. Admirable order was preserved by the police, and no obstrucsion was placed in the way of the workmen. The latter exerted themselves to the utmost and did their part conscientiously and well. The men on yesterday morning were concen-

WHERE THE HEAVY STENCH had come from on Monday. They were under the immediate charge of Sergeant Douglass, who with his own hands set an example of hard work which was generally imitated. The first work done was to remove the huge piles of paper which were stored in the cellar. There were tons of this, all more or less burned. The task of removing it was a hard one, as it was so saturated with wet that it was trebly increased in weight; but the men worked with a will, and a large gap was soon made. When this gap nade the task was rendered easier, and in a short time a great quantity of débris was excaamong the bound books being a considerable num. ber of copies of "Etiquette, or The Rules of Society," "Lives of the Dramatists," and "The Mer-

trated in one spot, near the centre of the ruins,

A little after nine o'clock Sergeant Douglass nd a portion of an arm, with the hand attached. It might have been mistaken for a piece of a stick were it not for the strong smell which proceeded from it. It was rolled up in a piece of cloth and ment to the station house. On DIGGING A LITTLE FURTHER

a shovelful of debris was thrown up by a work-man. Something rolled out of the dirt, and this was found to be a human foot. The bones had been left bare, the flesh having entirely disappeared. The toes clung to the foot, which was the only means of showing what it was. When the fragments were found a great sensation was caused in the crowd around, and as the police were now certain that bodies were somewhere in the vicinity the search was prosecuted more vigorously than ever. All the men were directed to and timbers, and in a short time an exclamation from Sergeant Douglass proved that the work had not been fruitless. Imbedded in frozen earth lay the blackened trunk of a human being. It looked that it was almost undistinguishable, but some fragments of clothing clung to the fearfully disfigmass, and every one knew that it was the body of one of the women. Sergeant Douglass got down, and with one of the men raised the remains up. A sickening stench proceeded from them, which almost made the Sergeant faint, but he held on until a stretcher was procured, and then the body was borne to the station house. The surging crowd of specta-tors, animated by a morbid curiosity, eagerly ed forward, and, being joined by reinforce ments from the side streets, the police bad extreme difficulty to keep the track of the cars clear.

When the lifeless form was placed on the stretcher it was followed to the station house by indreds of people, but none were admitted but the relatives of the missing girls. The remains were taken to the same apartment in which those of latter had no offensive smell while in the room, but the instant the first body was taken in yesterday

the instant the first body was taken in yesterday the atmosphere was charged with the deathly odor which proceeded from it.

When the remains had been taken from the scene of the ruins the digging was resumed, and in an hour after another body was found. This was also so burned and broken that its recognition as part of a human being was almost impossible, but the smell that proceeded from it left no doubt as to what it was. In a few minutes after three more blackened trunks were sighted by Sergeant Dougtess. Though almost overcome by the sickly stenen the workmen did not slacken in their endeavors to extract the remains, and before twelve o'clock all the bodies were recovered and removed to the station house, where they were followed by the distracted relatives, whose long agony of waiting has been at last rewarded. The workmen dug on, expecting to find the body of the boy Burnes.

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IN THE STATION HOUSE,

Many as have been the sad sights which have been presented in the Sixth ward precinct house it never was the scene of so lamentable and terrible as spectable as it was yesierday. In the effice and the inner room the friends of the dead girls were congregated. The great majority were women, the mothers and sisters of the victims, and the picture of their grief was heartrending in the extreme. The mother of the Donaho girls, the mother of Bridget McGrath and the sister-in-law of the two Beils were among those present. Michael McGrath, who has assisted in the work of excavation with all the energy that love and despair could afford; the invalid brother of the Donahos, the brother of the Beils and the brother of Jane Stewart were also in the room. The men wept aloud in their sore agony, and well they might; for it is rare that the ties of affection and kinship have been so suddenly and horribly shattered as they have been by this latest disaster of a season prolific of tragedies on both sea and land. A number of the working girls who escaped from the building were among the spectators, they having been admitted by order of Captain Kennedy.

In less than an hour after the last body had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station house all the remains had been sent to the station from the broady, and on the broady, and on the broady, and on the broad

pieces of underclothing which remained. When these two sisters had been picked out Mrs. Donoho gave way to her grief, and she had to be carried away in a fainting condition by her son.

A strange circumstance attended the RECOGNITION OF BRIDGET M'GRATH.

When living she was a strict adnerent to the rites of her Church. She was in the habit of wearing a seapular around her neck, and this she never parted with night or day. By it she was recognized. There was no other mark remaining. The clothing had all gone, but the scapular remained clinging to her neck. When the mother's eye lighted upon it she exclaimed. In a frenzied voice, "That's my daughter. Oh, Bridget, Bridget, I'll the son of the old woman also recognized the scapular and the identity. Mrs. McGrath had to be carried from the room by her son in an insensible condition, and every eye was moistened looking at her siferings. The policemen, used as they are to scenes of sorrow and sadness, were greatly moved, and some of them almost wept.

Three bodies had now been identified—Margaret and Mary Donoho and Bridget McGrath. Alexander H. Bell, brother of the two sisters of that name, soon after came in, accompanied by his wife. He soon picked out the body of his chiest sister, Charlotte. She was also identified through iragments of clothing, and in addition by her size, as she was the tallest of any of the girls. The younger sister, Margaret, had a piece of a hoop skirt clinging to the burned bones, and her sister-in-law by this means was enabled to fix her identity. No one expected when the bodies were first taken out that any of them would be known by their iriends, but the fortunate circumstances of the fragments of clothing and the scapular were sufficient for the eyes of love. When they had all been identified the station house was cleared of all but the relatives and reporters, who were aronded every facility by Captain Kennedy and his men in the execution of their unpleasant duties.

The bodies lay on the boards in the following order. Kext the door was Margaret bonoho, thea Bridget McGrath, Charlotte Bell, Mary Donoho and Margaret Beil. The first body was frishtful to look upon, as were the others. The recent horror at the Fitth Avenue Hotel is exceeded by this latest one in many details. The bodies of the viewer, it is frue, so distinguished the first wood them could not be recognized that the fitth Avenue Motel is sexeeded by this latest one in many details. The bodies of the viewer of them could not be recognized that the contre street fire were suffocated, been crushed by failing floors and walls. Those who perished in the Contre street fire were suffocated, burned and brotsed. For six days they lay buried beneath tons of stone and rubbish, snow and ice, it is not wonderful, then, that they should be so disfigured. From the manner in which they lay in the runs; it is evident that they were attempting to escape by means of the stairway. Their horrible situation can be easily realized. The flames were on each side of them, beneath them and in the rear. The avenue of escape, a wooden stairway, was all that remained to them. To this they rushed, got partly down it, clinging to each other, when a dealering noise is heard, and the flames burst up the stairway in the unfortunate girls are precipitated into the blazing ruins to meet with the most awind death that the human mind can imagine. This theory that the girls were in a cluster when the disaster occurred is borne out by the appearance of the remains and the portion of the runs in which they were picked up.

Both legs had been burned of below the knee, and only portions of the arms remained. The flesh was in most cases burned to a crisp, and when touched by the hand portions of it would crumble into ashes. The sides had been hollowed out by the action of the fannes, and the breast and shoulders had been burned on the fannes, and the breast and shoulders had lost all appearance of internal walls. First the side of the side of the side of

ondly muthated, but not lo such an extent as those of Margaret Donoho and Bridget McGrath. The bones were burned bare as those of the others, and the right side was nearly all consumed. The back portion of the head had been reduced to ashes by the fierce flames, but some slight traces of the face could be discerned. The nose, or a part of it, was not entirely taken off, and a part of the chin still remained. The whole appearance of the body, however, suggested the idea that before the girl had been thrown into the scathing furnace of flame she had made one last effort for hig, but it, alas! proved futile, and she was hurried to her dreadful end.

girl had been thrown into the seathing furnace of fiame she had made one last effort for his, but it, alss: proved futile, and she was hurried to her dreadfol end.

THE POURTH BODY.

Perhaps the most affecting sight of all was that of the remains of the young girl, Marr Donoho. Mary was only fourteen years old, and was just emerging from childhood into womanhood when death overtook her and sie was taken from earth to heaven. She was of slight frame and medium stature, enough of the body remaining to judge of this. The poor girl must have suffered untoid agony before death mericifully interposed and took her. Her two knees were tightened and contracted so much inat they were drawn up aimost to her chin. The feet were burned off, and the hand of one arm. The right arm was tightly clasped around her neck, and the other arm was thrown out as it she had attempted to fold her sister, to whom she was tenderly attached, in a last embrace. The skull was entire, but was charred and blackened. The hair had disappeared, the nose was gone, and the place where the mouth had been could not be seen. The teeth had dropped out, the chin was cut off, and the bones were exposed in the back and shoulders. Mary was her mother's favorite child. The beloved daughter of a widowed mother, summoned to her final account while the notes of Christmas preparations and the sounds of joy and gladhees could everywhere heard and seen in the great city, is a calamity such as few mothers have ever had to encounter, and the touching words of the patriarch of old were verified by Mrs. Doholo when she said her gray hairs would go down in sorrow to the grave.

The fith body, the last which had been carried in to the station house, it was that of Margaret Bell. As with the other bodies so it was with this. The legs and arms were wholly or partly gone, the body from the waist to the neck was nothing but what it was, the form of a young woman who one week ago had, in the flush of hope and expectation, put on her ciothing to hasten from her work and join

Sure full enough of grief and woe This crowded earth has been, But never since the world began So sad a sight was seen.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE BURIAL.

Immediately after the bodies were found Coroner Herrman was telegraphed for, and he instantly hurried to the station house. After viewing the bodies he gave a permit for their removal, and supplemented this by a present of \$50 to Mrs. Donoino to assist in the burial of her two girs. In addition to this Captain Kennedy gave the poor woman \$25, she being the greatest sufferer of all the relatives of the deceased. Justice Dowling, when informed that the bodies were found, sent \$100 to the sgatton house as a contribution towards funeral expenses, and Morgan Jones sent a similar sum. The policemen in the precinct were determined to not be behind in the noble work of charity, and every man of them gave \$3 each to

help the last rites. An undertaker was sent for and in a short time

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VIVE COFFINS

Were brought to the station house. In them the five bodies were placed. The coffin lids were closed down and the blackened remains were forever hidden from human sight. The bodies of the two Donoho girls were taken to the undertaker's shop on Chatham street, where they will remain until Friday, when they will be conveyed to Calvary Cemetery for interment. The brother of Bridget took the remains of his sister home. They will also be interred in Calvary Gemetery on Friday. Alexander H. Bell had his two sisters' remains taken to his residence, 337 East Ninth street, where they will remain until Friday morning, until ten o'clock, when the funeral corticge will proceed to Greenwood Cemetery. Mr. Beil is not yet decided as to whether the funeral services will take place in his own house or at the Seventh street Methodist church, of which one of the deceased was a member. He thinks, however, that they will be held at his residence.

By four o'clock all the bodies were removed from

house or at the Seventh street Methodist church, of which one of the deceased was a member. He thinks, however, that they will be held at his residence.

By four o'clock all the bodies were removed from the station house. While they were being taken out nothing could be heard but lamentation and weeping, but everything got quiet when the last traces of them had disappeared. The room was carefully swept, but the smell still remains, and when it has passed away the memory of the disasfer will forever cling to it.

As if the cup of horrors was not sufficiently full, inquiries made at the station house yesterday afternoon show that two girls, whose names have not hitherto been mentioned, are missing, and are supposed to be buried in the ruins. In the asternoon a respectable looking man presented himself at the desk and inquired about a girl named

ELIZABETH HARFYIND,

who worked in the Dookbindery at the time of the fire and has not been heard from since. The gentieman lives in Philadelphia and is a relative of the girl. He was telegraphed to by the girl's mother, who is bedridden with sickness, to come on and make inquiries, and he came right to the station house before he proceeded to the home of the girl, in Brooklyn. He did not exactly remember the street in which she lived, but thinks it is Franklin street.

Inquiries were also made about

MARGARET M'CARTY,

a young girl of seventeen, who resided in Greenwich sweet. She was a skifful bookbinder, and as she was in the habit of changing her place of occupation and her residence very frequently her absence was not noticed until it was ascertained that she was not employed in any of the catablishments where she had been accustomed to work. A search was instituted, and it was found that on the day of the fire she was employed in Centre street. There is a faint hope that these two girls are not lost, but if they were employed in the building at the time of the fire, and have not since turned up, their relations and friends may be prepared for the worst. Captain Kenn

THE WORK OF THE CORONERS.

Statistics of the Year 1872-Death by Homicide. by Heat, by Drowning and by Strangulation-A Complete Tabular List of the Sudden Taking-Off of Fourteen Hundred and Seventy-one of Our People.

Relow will be found a complete and circumstantial list of the work of the Coroners' office for the past year, prepared by Mr. John T. Toal, the clerk of the Board of Coroners. It will be found very interesting, particularly the circumstantial ac count of the extraordinary death roll of homicides. It shows a large increase over previous years. The sudden death, by heat, which reached the number of 209, although very large, will hardly surprise any one who remembers the past Summer. Kerosene oil, as usual, has also added its destructive powers in disposing of some thirteen poor mortals :-HUNTELGUEUMEI

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NATIONALITIES.

Germany, 56; United States, 36; Ireland, 19
England, 11; Scotland, 4; Austria, 4; France, 3
Sweden, 3; Canada, 2; Italy, 1; unknown, 1. Total

Sweden, 5; Canada, 24 (27), 140.

The ages ran as follows:—Under twenty, 9; under thirty, 36; under forty, 46; under flity, 29; under sixty, 20; under seventy, 6—140.

The poisonings were 48, as follows:—Paris green, 26; narcotics, 18; prussic acid, 2; arsenics 1; cyanide of potassium, 1; yellow wash, 1. Males, 36; females 13.

Homicides, 1872.

JANUARY.

Samuel A. Hasson, twenty years old, Rockland, Me., sailor; stab wound of heart at the hands of william H. Harris, at the foot of West Twenty-fourth street, January 1, 1872.

James Fisk, Jr., thirty-six years old, Vermont; pistol shot wound of abdomen at hands of Edward S. Stokes, at the Grand Central Hotel, January 6, 1872.

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William Mass, thirty-four years old, Germany; compression of the brain by fail on the sidewaik in front of 2½ Monroe street, January 9, 1872, said fall being the result of a blow in the face at the hands of Daniel Marrow.

Victor Clemens, thirty years old, Germany; pyemia, from a blow on the head with a lager-beer glass at the hands of Joseph Rech, at 324 East Twenty-eighth street, December 30, 1871, and died January 9, 1872.

John Murphy, thirty-seven years old, Ireland; pyemia, from pistel shot wound of left knee at the hands of James Larkin, at 291 avenue C, December 17, 1871; died January 21, 1872.

Herman Hepner, seventeen years old, New York; pistol shot in head at the hands of his father, Henry Hepner, January 27, 1872, in Grand street, near Ridge street. Father committed suicide by shooting himself at the same time.

FERRUARY.

Thomas Bell, thirty-eight years old, Ireland; compression of brain from violence at the hands of Hugh McGloin, at 477 Pearl street, February 4, 1872.

John J. Glass, thirty-six years old, New York; wounds with a knife at the hands of James Costello, January 22, 1872, at 109 Nassau street.

Giovanni Petrelli, lorty-three years old, Italy; stab wound with a knife at the hands of Michael Rosa, 37 Mulberry street, February 22, 1872.

Thomas Perry, thirty-two years old, England; fracture of skull from a blow of a hammer at the

hands of James A. Carroll, February 16, 1872. The jury believe the prisoner had no intent to take his, Failip Lambrecht, twenty-six years old, New York; fracture of skull by being struck by a piece of marble at the hands of George Lavery, February 26, 1872, in Fifty-fourth street, near First avenue.

Samuel Calvert, forty years old, Ireland; stab wound with a knife at the hands of Justus Duna, at the House of Refuge, Ward's Island, March 17, 1822

Thomas Doyle, thirty-five years old, Ireland; compression of brain by a fail from a blow received during a dranken quarrel on the night of the 17th of March, 1872, in Washington street, supposed at the hands of a man named Murphy, at large.

of March, 1872, in Washington street, supposed at the hands of a man named Murphy, at large.

APRIL.

John Hallissey, twenty-two years old, Ireland; gun-shot wound of head at the hands of John F. Menken, at the corner of William and North William streets, April 2, 1872. Jury finds that said kienken fired said shot in self-defence.

Unknown man, about thirty-five years old; compression of the brain from fracture of skull, the result of violence at the hands of some person or persons unknown, on or about the 3d of April, 1872. Found in an alleyway opposite Batavia street, in Roosevelt street.

William Buran, thirty-five years old, Germany; injuries by being struck on the head by a missile thrown by Nicholas Gallagher, in Delancey street, near Ridge street, April 27, 1872.

David Barry, twenty years old, Ireland; pistol shot wound of head at the hands of David Murphy, in Sixtieth street, corner of Second avenue, April 77, 1872.

John Halloran, forty-nine years old, Ireland; pericarditis, the result of a pistol shot wound of chest at the hands of James Burns, at the Gotham saloon, 298 Bowery, on the morning of the 28th of April, 1872.

MAY.

Patrick Kiernan, nineteen years old, Ireland;

April, 1872.

Patrick Kiernan, nineteen years old, Ireland; pistol shot wound of neck at the hands of Christian Cordes, at 611 Greenwich street, May 12, 1872. Jury find that Cordes actsol in self-defence, believing his own life to be in danger.

Mary Ann Callagher, twenty-three years old, Enginad; peritonitis from rupture of the bladder caused by kicks from Patrick Clifford, in Elizabeth street, near Hester, on the 11th of May, 1872.

JUNE.

street, near Hester, on the 11th of May, 1872.

Bryan O'Counell, fifty-six years old, Ireland; fracture of the knee, blow of a chiset thrown by Henry Dugan, June 2, 1872. Jury believed that prisoner had no intention to injure deceased.

Augustus Brown, twenty-five years old, Germany; blow on the head at the hands of Joha Smith, on the night of June 8, 1872, in Division, near Attorney street. James Tully held as an accessory.

near Attorney streets scales and accessory.

William Morrissey, twenty-six years old, Ireland; fracture of the skull by a blow from a paving stone at the hands of John Connovs, Martin Connors, John Clancy or Richard Ahrens, on the 9th of June, 1872. From the conflicting testimony the jury are unable to say which one of the prisoners threw the stone.

1872. From the conflicting testimony the jury are unable to say which one of the prisoners threw the stone.

Daniel Donohue, forty-seven years old, Ireland; peritonitis by stab wound at hands of Rocho Attella, at No. 25 Marion street, June 9, 1872. John Brown held as an accessory.

Mary Dunnigan, sity years old, Ireland; violence to head at the hands of her husband, William Dunnigan, at No. 512 West Thirty-third street, June 11, 1872.

Carlos S. Maggiori, thirty years old, Italy; pistol shot wound of chest and abdomen at the hands of Louis Margraf, in Houston street, near Columbia street, June 10, 1872.

Leonie P. Andrie, thirty years old, France; pistol shot wound of head at the hands of her husband, Emil Andrie, in East Friteenth street, hear First avenuo, June 18, 1872.

George Wood, thirty-one years old, Hamburg; hemorrhage from stab wound in the abdomen by knife in hands of Augustus Wood, at No. 376 Water street, June 14, 1872.

Louis Margraf, twenty-one years old, German; pistol shot, at hands of Carlos D. Maggiori, in Houston street, near Columbia, June 10, 1872. Died June 25, 1872, at Believue.

Margaret Cobb, thirty-eight years old. Ireland;

Houston street, near Columbia, June 10, 1872. Died June 25, 1872, at Behevue.

JULY.

Margaret Cobb, thirty-eight years old, Ireland; exhaustion, the result of violence at the hands of her husband, Thomas Cobb, July 3, 1872.

Mary J. Eifott, sevencen years old, New York; strangulation at the hands of her mother, Margaret Elhott, July 5, 1872, while in an unsound state of mind.

James Cloonan, twenty-six years old, Ireland; stab wound of thigh, inflicted with a knile or sharp instrument in the hands of James Finlon, at No. 729 Second avenue, July 13, 1872.

James Smith, twenty years old, New York; hemorrage from pistol shot wound at the hands of Nicholas White, at the corner of Rivington and Lewis streets, July 21, 1872.

Mark McDonald, twenty-one years old, New York; stab wound of abdomen with a knife, at the hands of James Lamb, July 23, 1872.

Mathew Burke, forty-two years old, Ireland; hemorrhage and peritonitis from stab wounds of abdomen by knife at the hands of Jacob Bender, at 635 Grand street, July 22, 1872.

Richard Coleman, thirty years old, Ireland; pistol shot wound of abdomen, at hands of Charles Regan at 51 West Forty-second street, and jury find that Regan fired purely in self-defence.

Patrick Braniff, nincteen years old, New York; thipures received by a blow of a pitcher on the head at hands of Timothy Collins, at the corner of Washington and West Twellth streets, July 29, 1872; died at Bellevne, Angust 11.

Catharine Flanagan, forty-two years old, Ireland; hemorrhage by stab wound at hands of her husband, Mark Flanagan, August 15, 1872, at 405 East Seventeenth street.

Margaret Fritz, bour years old, New York; fracture of akuli by a blow of a stone thrown by John

band, Mark Fianagan, August 15, 1872, at 405 East Seventeenth street.

Margaret Fritz, four years old, New York; fracture of skull by a blow of a stone thrown by John Goery, August 19, 1872, in West Flitz-second street.

Margaret Dykes, sixty years old, Ireland; blows and kicks inflicted by her son, Joseph Dykes, on or about the 15th of August, 1872. Died at Bellevue, August 24, 1872.

Robert G. Dunn, thirty-four years old, Maine; pistol shot wound at hand of William J. Sharkey, at "The Place," No. 288 Hudson street, September 1, 1872.

August 24, 1872. How at Bellevue, August 24, 1872. Robert G. Dunn, thirty-four years old, Maine; pistol shot wound at hand of William J., Sharkey, at "The Piace," No. 288 Hudson street, September 1, 1872.

John Ornell, flify years old, Sweden; disease of brain, hastened by ill-treatment at hands of Thomas Farrell, on or about September 6, 1872, at the Lunatte Asylum, Ward's Island. Horatio Seymour, colored, forty-five years old, United States; injuries by violence at hands of Thomas Farrell, at Lunatic Asylum, Ward's Island. On or about September 10, 1872.

Stephen Quall, three years old, New York; injuries by being struck on the head by a brick, thrown by Catharine McGuire, at No. 512 East Fourteenth street, September 8, 1872. Jury believe that Drisoner had no intent to take life.

Edward Wellington, alias "Indian Ned," thirty-eight years old, New York; pistol shot wound of head, hands of Daniel C. Perkins, at 598 Broadway, September 14, 1872. The jury consider that Perkins was perfectly justifiable in irring said shot in defence of his life and property.

Martin Stamford, twenty-nine years old, New York; abscess, the result of a stab wound received at the hands of Arthru Quinn, alias James Johnson, August 18, 1872. Jury exonerate Henry Adams, conductor of car 122 of the Bett Radiroud Company, from blame in ejecting deceased from his car.

Joseph Burnett, thirty-five years old, New York; abscess, the result of a stab wound received at the hands of Amrium at the hands of Timothy Landers, during a quarrel at 76 Jackson street, on the evening of September 22, 1872; and further, from the testimony, Garrett Landers held as an accessory to the erim.

Sarah Leavy, forty years old, Ireland: blow with a saw at hands of her husband, Patrick Leavy, September 30, 1872, at 628 East Nnith street, Landers held as an accessory to the erim.

November 4, 1872.

John Strothman, thirty-stop years old, New York; pistol shot wounds at the hands of John Scannel, at Johnson's saloon. Broadway, corner Twenty-eighth street, one vening

126 351 179 168 42 2 879

A PAUPER'S DEATH.

Rosanna Ferry, who lives at 292 Mott street, discovered the body of Mary Wire, who has been for years in indigent circumstances, lying in the upper hallway of the above number. The night previous she had lodged with one Mary Sherman on the second floor of the same house, but whether she met her fate at the hands of some unknown party, or whether her dim lamp gently flekered out with the dying year, is still a mystery.

Rattle her bones over the stones, She's only a manner, whom polody own

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Results in Wall Street During the Year Just Closed-The Course of the Gold Market Since the Suspension of Specie Payments-Relative Fluctuations in the Stock and Money Markets and in Government Bonds-Comparison of the Condition of the Banks Now and a Year Ago.

WALL STREET. | WEDNESDAY, Jan. 1, 1873. | New Year's Day has been celebrated as a holiday, legally, financialty and socially. The first day of the new year suggests reminiscences of the stock, gold and monetary movements of the past year, and we have accordingly prepared tables of the leading statistics and comparisons of prom-inent changes and fluctuations in the several departments of Wall street during the twelvemonth low gone into the past.

THE PROMINENT PEATURE
of the financial situation has been the heavier export of specie, which in 1872 was \$71,500,000, against about \$60,000,000 in 1871—an increase of over \$11,000,000. The larger drain of the precious metals to Europe the past year was the consequence primarily of a heavier importation of foreign goods, but in view of the fact that we ex-ported less of our bonds and securities, or prom-mises to pay, in settlement of the balance of trade, we closed the year with a healthier situation of our foreign trade relations.
COURSE OF THE GOLD MARKET.

The following table shows the extreme fuctuations in the price of gold each year since the sus

Highest.	Lowest.	Highest.	Lowest.
1862187	100	1868 150	132%
1863 172) 1864 285	122%	1809 165 1870 123%	119%
1865 234		1871 115%	108%
1866 1673		1872 115%	108%
1867 146)	132		

The following table shows the prices of the leading stocks on the last business day of the year 1871 as compared with those made at the close of

	Dec. 30, 1871.	Dec. 24, 1872.
New York Central	95%	100%
Erie	3334	60%
Lake Shore	9374	96
Wabash	72%	75%
Northwestern		8234
Northwestern preferre		8814
Rock Island	10814	111%
St. Paul	56	53%
St. Paul preferred	8032	7736
Ohio and Mississippi		48%
Union Pacific		37%
C., C. and I. C	1932	36%
Western Union Telegra	ph 71%	81
Pacific Mail	54	7334
	CHARLES MANAGEMENT	

The following table illustrates the modifications of the prices of government bonds during th

year:-		
T07888	Dec. 30.	Dec. 31,
	1371.	1872.
United States currency sixes		113%
United States sixes of 1881	. 11814	118%
United States five-twenties of 1862	. 11034	113
United States five-twenties of 1864	. 110%	11334
United States five-twenties of 1865	. 11234	116%
United States five-twentles of 1867	. 116%	11634
United States ten-forties	. 110%	100%
In perusing this comparison th	e reader	should

make adowance for the higher range of gold at the close of 1872. The currency sixes are also quoted differently from 1871, the price at which time was "flat," while the later price includes the accrued interest, amounting to % per cent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following were the contemporaneous quoforeign exchange:—

Dec. 30, 1871. tations of the money and gold markets and Dec. 31, 1872.

| Dec. 30, 1871. | Dec. 31, 1872. | | Dec STOCKS DURING 1872. Recurring to the course of the stock market on

the 2d of January, 1872, we learn that it "led off with a brilliant beginning for the January rise, and prices up to the last board were strong, with an advance of 1/2 a 3 per cent." We give the opening prices of the year as compared with those subsequently reached during the course of the year:-

January 2,	Prices in
1872.	1872.
New York Central 9514	10314
Erie 34	76
Lake Shore 94	. 98
Wabash 72%	80
Northwestern 6834	230
Northwestern preferred 92%	102
Rock Island7108	118
St. Paul 55%	85
	88
St. Paul preferred 80%	
Onio and Mississippi 46%	55
Union Pacific 30	41%
C., C. and I. C 20%	42
Western Union Telegraph 70%	8214
Pacific Mail 53%	10314
THE BANKS NOW AND A YEAR	AGO.

A comparison of the closing bank statements of each of the years 1871 and 1872 shows no important variations except in the item of specie, which is nearly eight millions lower, the consequence of the heavier specie export of the past twelvemonth. The loans are four millions greater, the deposits two millions less, the legal tenders a million more and the circulation a million less than at the close of 1871. A year ago the banks held \$8,096,400 in excess of the legal reserve. Their surplus is now reduced to \$1,835,750—a further consequence of the specie export already referred to. The following are the two statements, side by side :-

	ec. 30, 1871.	Dec. 28, 1872.
Loans		\$274,572,400
Specie	25,049,500	17,241,800
Circulation	28,542,800	27,573,000
Deposits	200,400,800	198,529,600
Legal tenders	40,282,800	41,119,600

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, Jan. I.—Rentes, 53f, 20c. LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Jan. I.— Breadstuffs quiet. LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL. Jan. I.— Beef, 97s. 6d. Pork, 62s. 6d.

FINANCIAL.

A FLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham square and New Bowery.
TWENTY FOURTH DIVIDEND,—An interest dividend at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum will be paid to all depositors entitled thereto on and after Monday, January 20, 1873. Dividends not withdrawn will be added to the principal.
MONEY DRPOSITED NOW WILL DRAW INTEREST AS FROM JANUARY I. BARRISON HALL, President.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.

AS FROM SACCEPTARY,
J. P. COOPER, Secretary,
C. D. Bailey, Treasurer.

A. MONEY TO LOAN IN BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
and Queens county, L. I.; also for the purchase of
city first and second mortgages.

SAWARD & LEAVITT, 54 Wall street.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
1875—JANUARY INTEREST.
The twenty-fith semi-annual interest at the rate of six per c. B. per annum on all sums of \$5 and upwards, which have been on deposit for one or more months next previous to January 2.

All interest not called for will remain as principal, and draw interest accordingly, and will be entered on the depositor' books any time when presented after the 21st of January 2.

The Bank is open every day for the reception and payment of money from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., and on the second of the second

SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretar

ELEVENTH WARD BANK, NEW YORK, DEC. 27, 1872.—Dividend.—The directors of this bank have this day declared a semi annual dividend of three and a hall per cent, free of all tax, payable on and after the 2d day of January next.

CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashier. CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashler.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILroad Coupons, due January 1, 1873, will be paid on
and after 2d proximo, by Gallatin National Bank.

EAST TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA RAILROAD COL pons, due January 1, 1873, will be paid on and affe 2d proximo. by B. T. WILSON & CO., 44 Broad street. LICRIDA EIGHT PER CENT STATE BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the ist of January, 1873, the undersigned are prepared to pay the compone maturing on that date on the Joseph and the state bonds, numbered from 1 to Joseph and the coupons on bonds numbered 442 and 1.736, which have the New York STATE LOAN AND TRUST CO., (Per F. N. LAWBENCE, Secretary.)

New York, Dec. 30, 1872. NEW YORE, Dec. 30, 1872.

CALVESTON, HOUSTON AND HENDERSON RAIL of road of 1871 —The coupons due January 1, 1873, of the mortsage bonds of the Chiveston, Houston and Henderson Railroad Company of 1871 will be paid in gold by P. P. JAMES & CO., 40 Wall street, New York.

T, W. PIERCE, President PINANCIAL.

HOWES 4 MAGY, BANKERS, 39 WALL STREET, NEW York, offer the same facilities to depositors as incor-porated banks, and allow interest on daily balances at the rate of four per cent. Collections made on any point at current rates, with immediate returns. Special atten-tion paid to choice Stocks, Bonds, &c., for investors.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITU-

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITU-TION.

No. 283 Bowery, near Houston street.

INTEREST.

A semi-annual division of six per cent per annum will be credited January I on all sums entitled thereto for the six months and three months ending December 31. Pay-able on and after January 26, 1873.

Interest not withdrawn will be credited as a deposit, Money deposited now will draw interest from Janu-ary I.

Open daily from 16 a. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 16 to 7.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.

MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 644 AND 646 BEOADUAY, CORNEL BLEECKER ST., NEW YORK, Dec. 25, 1872. Forty-feurth Semi-annual Dividend.

The trustees of this institution have declared the forty-fourth semi-annual dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annua, on all sums that have remained on deposit for three or six months previous to January, 15%, payable on and after the third Moniay in January.

All dividends not withdrawn will receive interest the same as a deposit.

E. J. BEOWN, President.

same as a deposit.

E. J. BEOWN, President
Edward Schell, Treasurer.
C. F. Alvono, Secretary.

NEW YORK, DEC. 26, 1872.

NEW YORK, DEC. 26, 1872.

To the New York Herald.—The interest maturing January I, 1873, on the Congon Bonds of the Noriolk and Petersburg, Southside, and Virginia and Tennessee Railroads, payable at New York, will be paid fess the State of Virginia tax) at the Banking House of Mesers. Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York. Signed.

JAMES E. GUTHBERT, Treasurer.

NEW YORK STATE SIXES—FIFTERN YEARS TO GWYNNE & DAY, 16 Wall street.

OFFICE OF THE CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY Company, 13 William street, New York, Dec. 24,

1872. The semi-annual interest maturing January 1, 1873, on the first mortgage bonds of the Canada Southern Railway Company will be paid on and after the 23 prox, at the Union Trust Company of New York, 73-Broadway-M. GOURTRIGHT, President.

ORIENTAL SAVINGS BANK,
436 Grand street.
Interest from the 1st of every month.

OTOCK PRIVILEGES.—FOR PARTICULARS SEE Dour Advertisement in yesterday's (January I) Her-ald, or send for our "Explanatory Circular." LAPSLEY & BAZLEY, Brokers, 47 Exchange place.

THE ORIENTAL SAVINGS BANK,

(30) Grand street,

Interest at the rate of six per cent per anumn is this
day due on all sums of six doltars or more which have
been on deposit one or more months since July 1.

Amounts of interest will be really for payment any time
after the 21st inst., and it not withdrawn will be credited
to individual accounts the same as deposits of this date,
JANUARY I, 1873.

E. R. KENNEDY, Secretary.

10 TO 20 PER CENT INVESTMENTS IN CHOICE Stocks and Bonds at the current market rates. For sale by ALBERT II, NICOLAY & CO.,
43 Pine street, New York
N. B.—Investment Securities a specialty for 21 years.

\$50,000 PETERSBURG RAILROAD PIRST mortuage 8 per cent bonds at \$50 coupons payable in New York, free of all State taxes; mortgage \$6,000 per mile, and has been a dividend paying road for twenty years. Apply to THOMAS BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va.

MR. OFFO WITTE HAS THIS DAY BECOME A as heretofore. HAGEN & BILLING, No. 1 wall street. New York, Jan. 1, 1873.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The copartnership here tofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of Gans. Wilgus 4 Co., is this day dissolved by limitation. The business of the firm will be settled at 22 North Third street.
SOLOMON GANS.
WESLEY WILGUS.
AARON GANS.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 31, 1872. JOHN SCHROYER.

The undersigned have this day formed a coparinership for the transaction of the Wholesale Clothing Bushness at 22 North Third street, in the city of Philadelphia, under the name and style of again, Arnold & Co.

ARON GANS.

HEZEKIAH W. ARNOLD.

JOHN SCHROYER.

Philadelphia, Jan. I, 1873.

Joseph R. Stokes has an interest in our firm from this

GANS, ARNOLD 4 CO. date. PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 1, 1873.

NOTICE.

No. T. H. Gossler, Jr., retires to-day from our firm.
Mr. John Henry Gossler, of Hamburg, has transfer dhis interest in our houses to his firm, Messes, John Berenberg, Gossler & Co., of Hamburg. The business will be carried on in future by Messrs. John Berenberg, Gossler & Co., of Hamburg: Mr. Thomas M. Devens, of Bosslor & Co., of George Gravenhorst, of New York, who is admitted a partner from this date. Mr. T. Henry Gossler and Mr. Guido Wolff are authorized to sign our firm by procuration. POCUPATION.
BOSTON AND NEW YORK, Jan. 1, 1873. New YORK, DEC. 31, 1872.

New YORK, DEC. 31, 1872.

Dissocution,—The coparinership heretoiore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Arthur & Co., expires this day by himitation. The outstanding business of the firm will be liquidated by C. K. Covert.

C. K. COVERT.

C. K. COVERT.

COPARTNERSHIP.—Referring to the above notice the undersigned respectfully announces that he has this day associated with himself in business his sen, James W. Arthur, with whom he will continue U. GENERAL STATIONERY BUSINESS in all its branches under the old irin name of NEW YORK, JAN. 1, 1873.—PARTNERSHIP Notice.—The subscriber, the senior partner of the well known rim the New York Book Bindery, which for the last two years has passed under the name of E. Walker's Sons, retries this day from the said establishment. All claims against the New York Book Bindery, up to January 1, 1873, will be settled by EDWARD WALKER, 55 Dey street.

NEW YORK, JAN. 1, 1973.
The undersigned, having this day purchased the rest of Michael H. McGowan, his copariner in the fir-itedal & Co., will continue business as a wholesal for dealer, at 57 Warren sireet, in this city. CHRISTIAN A. NICOLAI.

NOTICE.—MR. JOSEPH SULZBACHER HAS THIS day withdrawn from our firm.
NEW YORK, Dec. 31, 1872. C. LANGENBACH & CO.

OFFICE OF BABCOCK BROTHERS & CO., NEW York, January 1, 1873.—Mr. Henry D. Babcock has become a partner in our firm and in that of B. F. Babcock & Co., Liverpool. BABCOCK BROTHERS & CO. THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CONDUCTED UNDER the firm of N. L. Ely & Ramsay will be continued, after the lat inst, by the undersigned, in the name of Ely Ramsay, Jan. 1, 1873.

New York, Jan. 1, 1873.

D. S. RAMSAY.

14 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, JANUARY 1, 1873.—We have this day formed a partnership under the firm name of Charles Martin & Co. for the transaction of business as stock brokers.

CHARLES MARTIN. WM. F. FINGKE.

STIRRING UP SING SING.

Meeting of the New Board of Inspectors-Changes in the Prison Management. The new Board of State Prison Inspectors me at Sing Sing prison yesterday, and organized by electing Inspector Schou President for the ensuing year. As a majority of the Board is now republi-

ciecting inspector sched President for the chaning year. As a majority of the Board is now republican the old prison officials had everything in readiness to give place to their fortunate successors. The resignation of Mr. Henry C. Nelson, late Agent and Warden, was received and accepted, as was also that of Mr. C. Childs, Jr., who has occupied the position of Cierk for some years past. To fill these vacancies the inspectors appointed Mr. Gaylord B. Hubbell, of Sing Sing, Agent and Warden, and Mr. George B. Gifford, of New York, Clerk of the prison. The appointees subsequently filed the necessary bonds, and at once entered upon the duties of their respective offices. In the appointment of Mr. Hubbell the inspectors have made an emmenty judicious selection, as that official brings to his aid the experience gained during two years while filling the same position at the prison tormerly. He has also becaused the factory. There were no other appointments made yesterday, but as it is well known that nearly all of the officials who have heid positions under the democratic regime will have to find employment elsewhere, the number of applicants for place which hovered around the prison was truly amazing.

About eight o'clock yesterday morning a man named Charles Beckham was found dying in a back room of a saloon in Bank street, Newark, formerly kept by Mike Gauloy, and now conducted by Arthur kept by Mike Gaulor, and now conducted by Arthur Chambers, the light weight champion prize fighter. Becknam died shortly afterwards, and, it having been stated that he had met with foul play during a fracas in the place on New Year's Eve, the County Physician ordered Coroner Vrecland to hold-an inquest, which will be commenced this morning. A detective made an investigation of the matter yesterday, but feels warranted in saying that deceased died from the effects of a nail sustained last week. Bruises were found on his body.

THE WILLIAMSBURG SCISSORS' GRINDER'S HOMICIDE.

a verdict in the case of Henry Seigler, a New York scissors' grinder, who was fatally injured in a

Coroner Whitehill and jury have at last reached

consors' grinder, who was latany injured in a crunten brawl at the residence 22 Cook street. Williamsburg, on the night of the 23d ult. Full particulars of the fatal affray were published in the HERALD at the time. The following is the verdict:—"We find that Henry Seigler came to his death from the result of a wound in the forearm from a weapon in the hands of Edward Weir, and that John Weir was an accessory before the met."